

August 1, 2023

Ms. Alexandra D. Tom Wong
Head, Disclosure Department
The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.
6/F PSE Tower
5th Avenue corner 28th Street
Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Dear Ms. Tom Wong:

We hereby submit a copy of our SEC Form 17-Q for the period ended June 30, 2023.

Very truly yours,


Renato K. De Borja, Jr.
Senior Vice President/Controller

cc: Philippine Dealing Exchange Corp.
29th Floor, BDO Equitable Tower
8751 Paseo de Roxas, 1226 Makati City

SEC Number 20573
File Number _____

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY

(Company's Full Name)

Metrobank Plaza, Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Urdaneta Village, Makati City, Metro Manila

(Company's Address)

[REDACTED]

(Telephone Number)

December 31

(Fiscal year ending)

17-Q

(Form Type)

(Amendment Designation, if applicable)

June 30, 2023

(Period Ended Date)


None

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER**

1. For the quarterly period ended : **June 30, 2023**
2. Commission Identification Number : **20573**
3. BIR Tax Identification No. : **000-477-863**
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter : **METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY**
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization : **Metro Manila, Philippines**
6. Industry Classification Code : (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of issuer's principal office : Metrobank Plaza, Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Urdaneta Village, Makati City, Metro Manila
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code : 
9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: **N/A**
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

<u>Title of Each Class</u>	<u>No. of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding</u>	<u>Amount of Debt Outstanding (Unpaid Subscriptions)</u>
Common Shares	4,497,415,555 shares	None

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [] No []

Stock Exchange : **Philippine Stock Exchange**
Class of Securities : **Common Shares**

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

- a. Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder and Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [] No []

- b. Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [] No []

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Attached are the following:

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	-	Annex 1
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	-	Annex 2 (page 1 of 2)
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	Annex 2 (page 2 of 2)
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	-	Annex 3
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	-	Annex 4
General Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	-	Annex 5
Financial Indicators	-	Annex 6

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Position and Results of Operations

- Annex 7

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

I. Control of Registrant

The following stockholders own more than 5% of the total outstanding number of shares issued as of June 30, 2023:

NAME OF STOCKHOLDER	TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	PERCENT TO TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES ISSUED
GT Capital Holdings, Inc.	1,670,611,010	37.15%
PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)*	1,313,062,276	29.20%
PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)*	884,606,026	19.67%

* There is no participant of PCD who is a beneficial owner of more than 5% of the total common shares issued by the Registrant.

As of June 30, 2023, public ownership on the Bank was at 48.02%. Out of the total shares issued, 19.70% represents foreign ownership.

II. Pending Legal Proceedings

As of June 30, 2023, several suits and claims relating to the Group's lending operations and labor-related cases remain unsettled. In the opinion of management, these suits and claims, if decided adversely, will not involve sums having a material effect on the Group's financial statements.

III. Board Resolutions


There is no material disclosure that have not been reported under SEC Form 17-C during the period covered by this report.


SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY

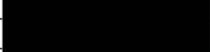
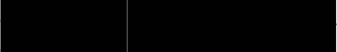
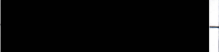
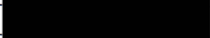
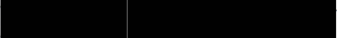
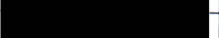
By:


RENATO K. DE BORJA, JR.
Senior Vice President/Controller



JOSHUA E. NAING
Senior Executive Vice President/Head of
Financial and Control Sector

August 1, 2023

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this AUG 01 2023, affiants exhibiting to me their respective Passport with the following details:

Names	Passport No.	Date/Place of Issue	Valid Until
JOSHUA E. NAING			
RENATO K. DE BORJA, JR.			

Doc. No. 8 ;
Page No. 3 ;
Book No. 1 ;
Series of 2023


ATTY. MARIA FELICITAS V. ELE
NOTARY PUBLIC, CITY OF TAGUIG
APPOINTMENT NO. 153 - UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024
2/F THE SHOPS, GRAND CENTRAL PARK,
7TH AVE. COR. 36TH AND 38TH ST. NORTH BONIFACIO
DISTRICT, BGC, TAGUIG CITY



METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY
AND SUBSIDIARIES

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2023 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2022 (Audited)
and for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited)

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(In Millions)

	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Cash and Other Cash Items	₱ 28,529	₱ 40,683
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP)	189,169	252,628
Due from Other Banks	63,545	75,472
Interbank Loans Receivable and Securities Purchased		
Under Resale Agreements (SPURA) (Note 12)	51,978	73,744
Investment Securities at		
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)	82,199	63,599
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	514,382	530,464
Amortized Cost	460,926	317,776
Loans and Receivables	1,397,901	1,418,382
Property and Equipment	27,473	27,153
Investments in Associates and a Joint Venture	6,744	5,877
Goodwill	5,194	5,194
Investment Properties	7,877	7,901
Deferred Tax Assets	13,368	13,362
Other Assets	14,548	10,855
	₱ 2,863,833	₱ 2,843,090
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Deposit Liabilities		
Demand	₱ 556,740	₱ 581,473
Savings	843,925	898,078
Time	826,414	715,415
Long-Term Negotiable Certificates (Note 6)	26,163	26,158
	2,253,242	2,221,124
Bills Payable and Securities Sold Under Repurchase		
Agreements (SSURA) (Note 7)	85,588	91,322
Derivative Liabilities	18,294	16,865
Manager's Checks and Demand Drafts Outstanding	6,724	6,501
Income Taxes Payable	2,952	1,478
Accrued Interest and Other Expenses	15,780	13,956
Subordinated Debts (Note 8)	1,169	1,169
Bonds Payable (Note 9)	69,876	88,409
Non-equity Non-controlling Interest	9,227	10,139
Other Liabilities	61,360	64,037
	2,524,212	2,515,000
EQUITY		
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	329,840	318,508
Non-controlling Interest	9,781	9,582
	339,621	328,090
	₱ 2,863,833	₱ 2,843,090

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In Millions, Except Earnings Per Share)

(Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
INTEREST INCOME ON				
Loans and receivables	₱ 25,754	₱ 16,403	₱ 49,342	₱ 32,174
Trading and investment securities	11,113	6,221	21,320	11,612
Deposits with banks and others	746	547	2,046	1,245
	37,613	23,171	72,708	45,031
INTEREST AND FINANCE CHARGES				
Deposit liabilities	10,372	1,626	18,292	2,981
Bills payable and SSURA, bonds payable, subordinated debt and others	1,532	1,029	3,838	2,233
	11,904	2,655	22,130	5,214
NET INTEREST INCOME	25,709	20,516	50,578	39,817
PROVISION FOR CREDIT AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	2,115	1,776	4,507	3,825
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR CREDIT AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	23,594	18,740	46,071	35,992
OTHER INCOME				
Service charges, fees and commissions	3,968	3,707	8,055	7,311
Trading, securities and foreign exchange gain - net	944	1,130	3,061	3,439
Miscellaneous	1,896	2,048	3,818	4,454
	6,808	6,885	14,934	15,204
OTHER EXPENSES				
Compensation and fringe benefits	6,797	6,326	13,534	12,611
Occupancy and equipment-related cost	479	461	972	917
Miscellaneous	9,503	7,765	19,168	15,905
	16,779	14,552	33,674	29,433
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	13,623	11,073	27,331	21,763
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	3,032	3,342	6,125	5,928
NET INCOME	₱ 10,591	₱ 7,731	₱ 21,206	₱ 15,835
Attributable to :				
Equity holders of the Parent Company	₱ 10,416	₱ 7,600	₱ 20,898	₱ 15,586
Non-controlling interest	175	131	308	249
	₱ 10,591	₱ 7,731	₱ 21,206	₱ 15,835
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company (Note 14 of Annex 5)	₱ 2.32	₱ 1.69	₱ 4.65	₱ 3.47

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(In millions)

	Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
NET INCOME	₱ 10,591	₱ 7,731	₱ 21,206	₱ 15,835
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX				
Items that may not be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on equity securities at FVOCI	76	(44)	182	(137)
Change in remeasurement loss on retirement liability	(16)	(12)	(38)	(16)
	60	(56)	144	(153)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on debt securities at FVOCI	(292)	(7,871)	4,497	(17,031)
Change in equity in other comprehensive gain (loss) of investees	169	(169)	403	(180)
Translation adjustment and others	(534)	101	(1,156)	217
	(657)	(7,939)	3,744	(16,994)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	₱ 9,994	₱ (264)	₱ 25,094	₱ (1,312)
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) attributable to :				
Equity holders of the Parent Company	₱ 9,854	₱ (387)	₱ 24,821	₱ (1,561)
Non-controlling interest	140	123	273	249
	₱ 9,994	₱ (264)	₱ 25,094	₱ (1,312)

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Million Pesos)

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Capital Paid in Excess of Par Value	Surplus	Surplus Reserves	Treasury Stocks	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investment Securities at FVOCI	Equity in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) of Investees	Remeasurement Losses on Retirement Plan	Translation Adjustment and Others	TOTAL	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2023	₱89,948	₱85,252	₱176,374	₱2,613	(₱72)	(₱23,076)	(₱145)	(₱4,404)	(₱7,982)	₱318,508	₱9,582	₱328,090
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	20,898	-	-	4,675	400	(26)	(1,126)	24,821	273	25,094
Transfer to surplus reserves	-	-	(61)	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	(13,492)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,492)	(74)	(13,566)
Realized loss on sale of FVOCI	-	-	(84)	-	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of Parent Company shares held by a mutual fund subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
Disposal of Parent Company shares held by mutual fund subsidiary	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	5
Balance, June 30, 2023	₱89,948	₱85,252	₱183,635	₱2,674	(₱69)	(₱18,317)	₱255	(₱4,430)	(₱9,108)	₱329,840	₱9,781	₱339,621
Balance, January 1, 2022	₱89,948	₱85,252	₱157,260	₱2,442	(₱70)	(₱3,751)	(₱118)	(₱4,747)	(₱7,711)	₱318,505	₱9,227	₱327,732
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	15,586	-	-	(17,160)	(179)	(9)	201	(1,561)	249	(1,312)
Transfer to surplus reserves	-	-	(119)	119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	(13,492)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,492)	(74)	(13,566)
Realized gain on sale of FVOCI	-	-	2	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of Parent Company shares held by a mutual fund subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(6)	-	-	-	-	(6)	-	(6)
Disposal of Parent Company shares held by mutual fund subsidiary	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Balance, June 30, 2022	₱89,948	₱85,252	₱159,237	₱2,561	(₱72)	(₱20,913)	(₱297)	(₱4,756)	(₱7,510)	₱303,450	₱9,402	₱312,852

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In Millions)

	(Unaudited)	
	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Income before income tax	P 27,331	P 21,763
Adjustments for :		
Provision for credit and impairment losses	4,507	3,825
Trading and securities gain on investment securities	(125)	(722)
Depreciation and amortization	2,808	2,484
Share in net income of associates and a joint venture	(462)	(288)
Profit from assets sold	(431)	(426)
Unrealized market valuation gain on financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL	1,031	(1,668)
Gain on initial recognition of investment properties and chattel properties acquired in foreclosure	(350)	(783)
Amortization of software cost	552	454
Amortization of discount on subordinated debt and bonds payable	319	232
Dividends	(192)	(130)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in :		
Investment securities at FVTPL	(18,202)	(29,253)
Loans and receivables	15,730	(46,637)
Other assets	(5,922)	(1,093)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Deposit liabilities	32,118	130,459
Bills payable-deposit substitutes	(927)	(2,031)
Manager's checks and demand drafts outstanding	223	789
Accrued interest and other expenses	1,824	844
Non-equity non-controlling interest	(912)	(518)
Other liabilities	(7,173)	10,465
Net cash provided by operations	51,747	87,766
Dividends received	192	130
Income taxes paid	(5,093)	(4,542)
Net cash provided by operating activities	46,846	83,354
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions of:		
Investment securities at FVOCI	(339,924)	(566,594)
Investments securities at amortized cost	(141,743)	(100,693)
Property and equipment	(1,859)	(1,570)
Proceeds from sale of:		
Investment securities at FVOCI	360,227	598,782
Property and equipment	174	242
Investment properties	776	785
Decrease (increase) in interbank loans receivable and SPURA	1,990	(1,203)
Proceeds from maturity of investment securities at amortized cost	448	4,520
Net cash used in investing activities	(119,911)	(65,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Settlements of bills payable	(1,688,324)	(865,189)
Availments of bills payable and SSURA	1,683,517	899,589
Proceeds from issuance of bonds payable		-
Cash dividends paid	(9,968)	(9,968)
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(1,092)	(1,001)
Proceeds from disposal of Parent Company shares by mutual fund subsidiaries	5	4
Acquisition of Parent Company shares by a mutual fund subsidiary	(2)	(6)
Settlements of bonds payable	(18,400)	(17,500)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(34,264)	5,929
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(107,329)	23,552
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		
Cash and other cash items	40,683	41,302
Due from BSP	252,628	253,257
Due from other banks	75,513	48,862
Interbank loans receivable and SPURA	65,786	56,062
	434,610	399,483
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD		
Cash and other cash items	28,529	36,332
Due from BSP	189,169	243,153
Due from other banks	63,573	75,784
Interbank loans receivable and SPURA (Note 12)	46,010	67,766
	P 327,281	P 423,035

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
GENERAL NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Metropolitan Bank & Trust Company (“Metrobank,” “the Bank” or “the Parent Company”) is a universal bank incorporated in the Philippines on April 6, 1962. The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved the renewal on November 19, 2007. The Bank’s shares were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE) on February 26, 1981, as approved by the SEC in November 1980. It has a universal banking license granted by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) on August 21, 1981.

The Bank and its subsidiaries (the Group) are engaged in all aspects of banking, financing, leasing, and stock brokering. As of June 30, 2023, the Group has 952 branches, 1,292 Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) in the branches (on-site) and 1,028 ATMs in other locations (off-site). As a bank, the Parent Company, which is the ultimate parent of the Group, provides products and services such as deposit, loans and trade finance, credit card products, programs and facilities, electronic banking facilities, cash management, domestic and foreign fund transfers, treasury products, remittances, institutional fund-management, private banking and trust services. Its principal place of business is at Metrobank Plaza, Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Urdaneta Village, Makati City, Metro Manila, Philippines

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the annual audited financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Groups’ annual audited financial statements as at December 31, 2022.

The unaudited interim condensed financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) that have been measured at fair value.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (PHP), the Bank’s functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest million pesos (₱000,000) except when otherwise indicated.

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The respective functional currencies of the subsidiaries are presented under Basis of Consolidation.

Presentation of Financial Statements

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position. Income and expense are not offset in the statement of income unless required or permitted by any accounting standard or interpretation, and as specifically disclosed in the accounting policies of the Group.

Basis of Consolidation

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and of its subsidiaries and are prepared for the same reporting period as the Bank using consistent accounting policies.

The following are the wholly and majority-owned foreign and domestic subsidiaries of the Bank as of June 30, 2023:

Subsidiary	Effective Percentage of Ownership	Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency
Financial Markets:			
Domestic:			
First Metro Investment Corporation (FMIC) and Subsidiaries	99.27	Philippines	PHP
Philippine Savings Bank (PSBank)	88.38	Philippines	PHP
ORIX Metro Leasing and Finance Corporation (ORIX Metro) and Subsidiaries	59.85	Philippines	PHP
Foreign:			
Metropolitan Bank (China) Ltd (MBCL)	100.00	China	Chinese Yuan United States Dollar (USD)
Metropolitan Bank (Bahamas) Limited (Metrobank Bahamas)**	100.00	The Bahamas	Dollar (USD)
First Metro International Investment Company Limited and Subsidiary	100.00	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollar (HKD)
Remittances:			
Metro Remittance (Hong Kong) Limited	100.00	Hong Kong	HKD Singapore Dollar
Metro Remittance (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	100.00	Singapore	United Great Britain Pound
Metro Remittance (UK) Limited	100.00	Kingdom United States of America (USA)	USD
Metro Remittance (USA), Inc.	100.00	USA)	USD
Metro Remittance (Japan) Co., Ltd.	100.00	Japan	Japanese Yen
Real Estate:			
Circa 2000 Homes, Inc. *	100.00	Philippines	PHP
Others:			
Philbancor Venture Capital Corporation *	60.00	Philippines	PHP

* In process of dissolution.

** In process of liquidation

All significant intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full at consolidation. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Control is achieved where the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Consolidation of subsidiaries ceases when control is transferred out of the Group or the Parent Company. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period, if any, are included in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of income and unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal, as appropriate.

Changes in the Parent Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for within equity. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid (or to be paid) or received is recognized directly in equity included as part of "Translation adjustment and others" and attributed to the owners of the Parent Company.

When a change in ownership interest in a subsidiary occurs which results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the Parent Company: (a) derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary; (b) derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest; (c) derecognizes the related other comprehensive income (OCI) recorded in equity and recycles the same to statement of income or 'surplus'; (d) recognizes the fair value of the consideration received; (e) recognizes the fair value of any investment retained; (f) recognizes any surplus or deficit in statement of income; and (g) reclassifies the Parent Company's share of components' gains (losses) previously recognized in OCI to profit or loss or

surplus, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Entity with significant influence over the Group

GT Capital Holdings, Inc. (GT Capital) holds 37.15% of the total shares of the Bank as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the audited annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, except for the adoption of the following amended standards, which became effective beginning January 1, 2023.

Unless otherwise indicated, the adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to PAS 12, Income Taxes, Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented.

Amendments to PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, Definition of accounting estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted.

Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies; and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments to PAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted.

Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with PAS 34 requires the Group to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities. Future events may occur which can cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effects of any change in estimates are reflected

in the financial statements as they become reasonably determinable. Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant accounting judgments and estimates of the Group have been disclosed in the 2022 audited financial statements.

3. Financial Risk Management

Compared with December 31, 2022, there have been no changes in the financial risk exposures that materially affect the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as of June 30, 2023. The Group has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: (a) credit; (b) liquidity; and (c) market risks. Related discussions below should be read in conjunction with Note 4, Financial Risk and Capital Management, of the Group's 2022 audited financial statements.

Risk management framework

The Board of Directors (BOD) has overall responsibility for the oversight of the Parent Company's risk management process. On the other hand, the risk management processes of the subsidiaries are the separate responsibilities of their respective BOD. Supporting the BOD in this function are certain Board-level committees such as Risk Oversight Committee (ROC), Audit Committee (AC) and senior management committees through the Executive Committee (EXCOM) and Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) among others.

The ROC, which is composed primarily of independent members of the BOD, is responsible for overseeing the Parent Company's risk infrastructure, the adequacy and relevance of risk policies, and the compliance to defined risk appetite and levels of exposure. The ROC is assisted in this responsibility by the Risk Management Group (RSK). The RSK undertakes the implementation and execution of the Parent Company's Risk Management framework which involves the identification, assessment, control, monitoring and reporting of risks.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries manage their respective financial risks separately. The subsidiaries have their own risk management processes but are structured similar to that of the Parent Company. To a certain extent, the respective risk management programs and objectives are the same across the Group. The risk management policies adopted by the subsidiaries and affiliates are aligned with the Parent Company's risk policies. To further promote compliance with PFRS and Basel III, the Parent Company created a Risk Management Coordinating Council (RMCC) composed of risk officers of the Parent Company and its financial institution subsidiaries

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, related groups of borrowers, market segments, and industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits, among others. The same is true for treasury-related activities. Each business unit is responsible for the quality of its credit portfolio and monitoring and controlling all credit risks in its portfolio. Regular reviews and audits of business units and credit processes are undertaken by the RSK and Internal Audit Group, respectively.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the current and prospective risk to earnings or capital arising from the inability to meet its obligations when they become due. This may be caused by the inability to liquidate assets or to obtain funding to meet the liquidity needs. The Group manages its liquidity risk by holding adequate stock of high-quality liquid assets, analyzing net funding requirements over time, diversifying funding sources and contingency planning.

To measure the prospective liquidity needs, the Group uses Maximum Cumulative Outflow (MCO), a liquidity gap tool to project short-term and long-term cash flow expectations on a business-as-usual condition.

The MCO is generated by distributing the cash flows of the Group's assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items to time bands based on cash flow expectations such as contractual maturity, nature of the account, behavioral patterns, projections on business strategies, and/or optionality of certain products. The incorporation of behavioral cash flow assumptions and business projections or targets results in a dynamic gap report that realistically captures the behavior of the products and creates a forward-looking cash flow projection.

Cash flows from assets are considered as cash inflows, while cash flows from liabilities are considered cash outflows. The net cash flows are determined for each given time period. If the inflows exceed the outflows, the Group is said to have a positive liquidity gap or has excess funds for the given time bucket. Conversely, if the outflows exceed the inflows, the Group is said to have a negative liquidity gap or has funding needs for the given time bucket.

The MCO is monitored regularly to ensure that it remains within the set limits. The Parent Company generates and monitors daily its MCO, while the subsidiaries generate the report at least monthly. The liquidity profile of the Group is reported monthly to the Parent Company's ALCO and ROC.

To supplement the business-as-usual scenario parameters reflected in the MCO report, the Group also conducts liquidity stress testing to determine the impact of extreme factors, scenarios and/or events to the Group's liquidity profile. Liquidity stress testing exercise is performed quarterly on a per firm basis, and at least annually on the Group-wide level.

Market Risk

Market risk is the possibility of loss to future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from changes in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and other market factors. Market risk originates from holdings in foreign currencies, debt securities and derivatives transactions.

Depending on the business model for the product, that is, whether they belong to the trading book or banking book, the Group applies different tools and processes to manage market risk exposures. Risk limits, approved by the BOD, are enforced to monitor and control this risk. RSK, as an independent body under the ROC, performs daily market risk analyses to ensure compliance to policies and limits, while Treasury Group manages the asset/liability risks arising from both banking book and trading operations in financial markets. The ALCO, chaired by the President, manages market risks within the parameters approved by the BOD.

As part of group supervision, the Parent Company regularly coordinates with subsidiaries to monitor their compliance to their respective risk tolerances and to ensure alignment of risk management practices. Each subsidiary has its own risk management unit responsible for monitoring its market risk exposures. The Parent Company, however, requires regular submission of market risk profiles from subsidiaries which are presented to ALCO and ROC in both individual and consolidated forms to provide senior management and ROC a holistic perspective and ensure alignment of strategies and risk appetite across the Group.

Market risk - trading book

In measuring the potential loss in its trading portfolio, the Parent Company uses Value-at-Risk (VaR). VaR is an estimate of the potential decline in the value of a portfolio, under normal market conditions, for a given "confidence level" over a specified holding period. The Parent Company measures and monitors the Trading Book VaR daily and this value is compared against the set VaR limit. Meanwhile, the Group VaR is monitored and reported monthly.

VaR methodology assumptions and parameters

Historical Simulation (HS) is used to compute the VaR. This method assumes that market rates volatility in the future will follow the same movement that occurred within the 260-day historical period. In calculating VaR, a 99.00% confidence level and a one-day holding period are assumed. This means that, statistically, within a one-day horizon, the trading losses will exceed VaR in 1 out of 100 trading days.

Like any other model, the HS method has its own limitations. To wit, it cannot predict volatility levels which did not happen in the specified historical period. The validity of the VaR model is verified through a daily

backtesting analysis, which examines how frequently both actual and hypothetical daily losses exceed VaR. The result of the daily backtesting analysis is reported to the ALCO and ROC monthly.

Subsidiaries with trading books perform daily mark-to-market valuation and VaR calculations for their exposures. Risk exposures are bounded by a system of risk limits and monitoring tools to effectively manage these risks.

The limitations of the VaR methodology are recognized by supplementing VaR limits with other position and sensitivity limit structures and by doing stress testing analysis. These processes address potential product concentration risks, monitor portfolio vulnerability and give the management an early advice if an actual loss goes beyond what is deemed to be tolerable to the Group and the Parent Company, even before the VaR limit is hit.

Stress testing is performed by the Parent Company on a quarterly basis and the results are reported to the ALCO and, subsequently, to the ROC and BOD. On a group-wide perspective, stress testing is done, at least, annually. The results are reported by the Parent Company's Risk Management Group to the BOD through ROC.

Market risk - banking book

The Group has in place their own risk management system and processes to quantify and manage market risks in the banking book. To the extent applicable, these are generally aligned with the Parent's framework/tools.

The Group assesses interest rate risk in the banking book using measurement tools such as Interest Rate Repricing Gap, Earnings-at-Risk (EaR), Delta Economic Value of Equity (D.ΔEVE) and Sensitivity Analysis.

Interest Rate Repricing Gap is a tool that distributes rate-sensitive assets and liabilities into pre-defined tenor buckets according to time remaining to their maturity (if fixed rate) or repricing (if floating rate). Items lacking definitive repricing schedules (for example, current and savings account) and items with actual maturities that could vary from contractual maturities (for example, securities with embedded options) are assigned to repricing tenor buckets based on an analysis of historical patterns, past experience and/or expert judgment.

EaR measures the possible decline in the Group's net interest income as a result of adverse interest rate movements, given the current repricing profile. It is a tool used to evaluate the sensitivity of the accrual portfolio to changes in interest rates in the adverse direction over the next twelve (12) months.

EaR methodology assumptions and parameters

The Group calculates EaR using Historical Simulations (HS) approach, with one-year horizon and using five years data. EaR is then derived as the 99th percentile biggest drop in net interest income.

The Parent Company generates and monitors daily its EaR exposure while the subsidiaries generate their EaR reports at least monthly.

The Parent Company employs the Delta EVE model to measure the overall change in the economic value of the bank at one point. It reflects the changes in the net present value of its banking book at different interest rate shocks and stress scenarios. Delta ΔEVE is calculated by slotting the notional repricing cash flows arising from rate-sensitive assets and liabilities into pre-defined tenor buckets. The present value of the net repricing cash flows is then calculated using various interest rate scenarios prescribed by Basel, as well as scenarios internally developed by the Parent Company.

Aside from the tools above, the Parent Company and its subsidiaries perform regular sensitivity and stress testing analyses on their banking books to broaden their forward-looking analysis. This way, management can craft strategies to address and/or arrest probable risks, if necessary.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the probability of loss to earnings or capital arising from changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency liabilities generally consist of foreign currency deposits in the Group's FCDU account. Foreign currency deposits are generally used to fund the Group's foreign currency-denominated loan and investment portfolio in the FCDU. Banks are required by the BSP to match the foreign currency liabilities with the foreign currency assets held in FCDUs. Outside the FCDU, the Group has additional foreign currency assets and liabilities in its foreign branch network. The Group's policy is to maintain foreign currency exposure within acceptable limits and within existing regulatory guidelines.

4. Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instruments

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities have been consistently applied in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. These are:

Cash and other cash items, due from BSP and other banks and interbank loans receivable and SPURA – The carrying amounts of instruments with long-term maturities are not material to the financial statements, thus, fair values of these instruments were based on their carrying amounts.

Trading and investment securities - Fair values of debt and equity securities are generally based on quoted market prices. Where the debt securities are not quoted or the market prices are not readily available, the Group obtained valuations from independent parties offering pricing services, used adjusted quoted market prices of comparable investments, or applied discounted cash flow methodologies. For equity securities that are not quoted, remeasurement to their fair values is not material to the financial statements.

Derivative instruments - Fair values are estimated based on quoted market prices, prices provided by independent parties, or prices derived using acceptable valuation models. The models utilize published underlying rates (for example, interest rates, Foreign Exchange (FX) rates, Credit Default Swap (CDS) rates, FX volatilities and spot and forward FX rates) and are implemented through validated calculation engines.

Loans and receivables - Fair values of the Group's loans and receivables are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology, using current incremental lending rates for similar types of loans. Where the instrument reprices on a quarterly basis or has a relatively short maturity, the carrying amounts approximate fair values.

Liabilities - Fair values are estimated using the discounted cash flow methodology using the Group's current borrowing rate for similar borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the liability being valued, if any. The carrying amounts of demand and savings deposit liabilities and other short-term liabilities approximate fair values considering that these are either due and demandable or with short-term maturities.

The following tables summarize the carrying amounts and fair values of the financial assets and liabilities:

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				Total Fair Value
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets Measured at Fair Value					
Financial Assets					
Investment securities at FVTPL					
FVTPL investments					
Debt securities					
Treasury notes and bonds	₱28,063	₱28,063	₱-	₱-	₱28,063
Government	15,860	15,860	-	-	15,860
Private	3,570	3,570	-	-	3,570
BSP	2,501	2,501	-	-	2,501
Treasury bills	1,811	1,811	-	-	1,811
	51,805	51,805	-	-	51,805
Equity securities	6,408	6,408	-	-	6,408

June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)					
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Derivative assets					
Currency forwards	11,345	-	11,345	-	11,345
Cross currency swaps	8,152	-	8,152	-	8,152
Interest rate swaps	4,111	-	4,111	-	4,111
Call option	220	-	220	-	220
Put option	113	-	113	-	113
Bond futures	45	-	45	-	45
	23,986	-	23,986	-	23,986
	82,199	58,213	23,986	-	82,199
Investment securities at FVOCI					
Debt securities					
Treasury notes and bonds	343,864	343,567	297	-	343,864
Government	78,642	72,204	6,438	-	78,642
Private	45,546	45,492	54	-	45,546
BSP	44,374	44,374	-	-	44,374
Treasury bills	109	109	-	-	109
	512,535	505,746	6,789	-	512,535
Equity securities	1,847	1,622	225	-	1,847
	514,382	507,368	7,014	-	514,382
	₱596,581	₱565,581	₱31,000	₱-	₱596,581
Assets for which Fair Values are Disclosed					
Financial Assets					
Investment securities at amortized cost					
Treasury notes and bonds	₱407,763	₱397,559	₱7,676	₱-	₱405,235
Government	49,748	47,347	293	-	47,640
Private	3,199	3,132	-	-	3,132
Treasury bills	216	215	-	-	215
	460,926	448,253	7,969	-	456,222
Loans and receivable – net					
Receivables from customers					
Commercial loans	1,030,116	-	-	1,013,474	1,013,474
Residential mortgage loans	89,557	-	-	111,274	111,274
Credit card	108,339	-	-	108,339	108,339
Auto loans	84,247	-	-	96,334	96,334
Trade	50,528	-	-	50,528	50,528
Others	10,365	-	-	11,136	11,136
	1,373,152	-	-	1,391,085	1,391,085
Unquoted debt securities	578	-	-	592	592
Sales contract receivable	34	-	-	35	35
	1,373,764	-	-	1,391,712	1,391,712
Other assets	372	-	-	470	470
	₱1,835,062	₱448,253	₱7,969	₱1,392,182	₱1,848,404
Liabilities Measured at Fair Value					
Financial Liabilities					
Financial Liabilities at FVTPL					
Derivative liabilities					
Currency forwards	₱ 10,287	-	₱ 10,287	-	₱ 10,287
Cross currency swaps	6,647	-	6,647	-	6,647
Interest rate swaps	785	-	785	-	785
Call option	292	-	292	-	292
Put option	202	-	202	-	202
Credit default swaps	43	-	43	-	43
Bond futures	38	-	38	-	38
Non-equity non-controlling interest	9,227	-	9,227	-	9,227
	₱27,521	₱-	₱27,521	₱-	₱27,521

June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)					
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Liabilities for which Fair Values are Disclosed					
Financial Liabilities					
Deposit liabilities					
Time	₱826,414	₱-	₱-	₱828,990	₱828,990
LTNCD	26,163	20,872	-	5,235	26,107
	852,577	20,872	-	834,225	855,097
Bills payable and SSURA	85,588	-	-	85,791	85,791
Bonds payable	69,876	67,515	-	-	67,515
Subordinated debts	1,169	-	-	1,171	1,171
Other liabilities					
Deposits on lease contracts	886	-	-	839	839
	₱1,010,096	₱88,387	₱-	₱922,026	₱1,010,413
December 31, 2022 (Audited)					
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Assets Measured at Fair Value					
Financial Assets					
Investment securities at FVTPL					
FVTPL investments					
Debt securities					
Treasury notes and bonds	₱12,767	₱12,767	₱-	₱-	₱12,767
Government	14,500	14,500	-	-	14,500
Private	3,858	3,858	-	-	3,858
Treasury bills	564	564	-	-	564
BSP	308	308	-	-	308
	31,997	31,997	-	-	31,997
Equity securities	7,163	7,163	-	-	7,163
Derivative assets					
Cross currency swaps	13,691	-	13,691	-	13,691
Currency forwards	6,670	-	6,670	-	6,670
Interest rate swaps	3,618	-	3,618	-	3,618
Call option	288	-	288	-	288
Put option	138	-	138	-	138
Bond futures	34	-	34	-	34
	24,439	-	24,439	-	24,439
	63,599	39,160	24,439	-	63,599
Investment securities at FVOCI					
Debt securities					
Treasury notes and bonds	333,117	332,935	182	-	333,117
Government	77,137	71,043	6,094	-	77,137
BSP	67,857	67,857	-	-	67,857
Private	50,037	49,704	333	-	50,037
Treasury bills	557	557	-	-	557
	528,705	522,096	6,609	-	528,705
Equity securities	1,759	1,543	216	-	1,759
	530,464	523,639	6,825	-	530,464
	₱594,063	₱562,799	₱31,264	₱-	₱594,063
Assets for which Fair Values are Disclosed					
Financial Assets					
Investment securities at amortized cost					
Treasury notes and bonds	₱269,501	₱257,739	₱6,553	₱-	₱264,292
Government	44,542	42,078	304	-	42,382
Private	3,484	3,379	-	-	3,379
Treasury bills	249	248	-	-	248
	317,776	303,444	6,857	-	310,301

December 31, 2022 (Audited)					
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Loans and receivable – net					
Receivables from customers					
Commercial loans	₱1,060,043	₱-	₱-	₱1,048,067	₱1,048,067
Residential mortgage loans	91,646	-	-	116,776	116,776
Credit card	97,296	-	-	97,296	97,296
Auto loans	75,682	-	-	86,138	86,138
Trade loans	60,322	-	-	60,322	60,322
Others	11,056	-	-	11,798	11,798
	1,396,045	-	-	1,420,397	1,420,397
Unquoted debt securities	812	-	-	823	823
Sales contract receivable	29	-	-	27	27
	1,396,886	-	-	1,421,247	1,421,247
Other assets	191	-	-	264	264
	1,714,853	303,444	6,857	1,421,511	1,731,812
Non-Financial Assets					
Investment properties	7,901	-	-	16,346	16,346
Residual value of leased assets	623	-	-	583	583
	8,524	-	-	16,929	16,929
	₱1,723,377	₱303,444	₱6,857	₱1,438,440	₱1,748,741
Liabilities Measured at Fair Value					
Financial Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at FVTPL					
Derivative liabilities					
Cross currency swaps	₱7,721	₱-	₱7,721	₱-	₱7,721
Currency forwards	7,315	-	7,315	-	7,315
Interest rate swaps	1,383	-	1,383	-	1,383
Call option	286	-	286	-	286
Put option	142	-	142	-	142
Credit default swaps	15	-	15	-	15
Bond futures	3	-	3	-	3
Non-equity non-controlling interest	10,139	-	10,139	-	10,139
	₱27,004	₱-	₱27,004	₱-	₱27,004
Liabilities for which Fair Values are Disclosed					
Financial Liabilities					
Deposit liabilities					
Time	₱715,415	₱-	₱-	₱717,722	₱717,722
LTNCD	26,158	20,947	-	5,355	26,302
	741,573	20,947	-	723,077	744,024
Bills payable and SSURA	91,322	-	-	91,765	91,765
Bonds payable	88,409	81,388	-	4,631	86,019
Subordinated debts	1,169	-	-	1,187	1,187
Other liabilities					
Deposits on lease contracts	979	-	-	931	931
	₱923,452	₱102,335	₱-	₱821,591	₱923,926

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy.

5. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are recognized and managed separately according to the nature of services provided and the different markets served with segment representing a strategic business unit. Operating segments are reported in accordance with internal reporting to the Senior Management who is responsible for allocating resources to the segments and assessing its performance. The financial reporting basis used in the internal reporting is PFRS. The Group's business segments follow:

- Consumer Banking - principally providing consumer type loans and support for effective sourcing and generation of consumer business;
- Corporate Banking - principally handling loans and other credit facilities and deposit and current accounts for corporate and institutional customers;

- Investment Banking - principally arranging structured financing and providing services relating to privatizations, initial public offerings, mergers and acquisitions; and providing advisory services primarily aimed to create wealth to individuals and institutions;
- Treasury - principally providing money market, trading and treasury services, as well as the management of the Group's funding operations by use of treasury bills, government securities and placements and acceptances with other banks, through treasury and corporate banking;
- Branch Banking - principally handling branch deposits and providing loans and other loan related businesses for domestic middle market clients; and
- Others - principally handling other services including but not limited to remittances, leasing, account financing, and other support services. Other operations of the Group comprise the operations and financial control groups.

Segment assets are those operating assets that are employed by a segment in its operating activities and that either are directly attributable to the segment or can be allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis. Segment liabilities are those operating liabilities that result from the operating activities of a segment and that either are directly attributable to the segment or can be allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis.

Interest income is reported net, as management primarily relies on the net interest income as performance measure, not the gross interest income and interest expense. The Group has no significant customers which contributes 10.00% or more of the consolidated revenue net of interest expense. Transactions between segments are conducted at estimated market rates on an arm's length basis. Interest is charged/credited to business segments based on a pool rate which approximates the cost of funds. The following table presents revenue and income information of operating segments presented in accordance with PFRS and segment assets and liabilities as of and for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Consumer Banking	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Treasury	Branch Banking	Others	Total
Period Ended June 30, 2023							
(Unaudited)							
Results of Operations							
Net interest income (expense)							
Third party Intersegment	P11,171 (2,401)	P28,775 (22,552)	P- -	P10,750 (3,335)	(P1,218) 28,288	P1,100 -	P50,578 -
Net interest income after intersegment transaction	8,770	6,223	-	7,415	27,070	1,100	50,578
Non-interest income	4,583	467	71	2,469	3,229	3,653	14,472
Revenue - net of interest expense	13,353	6,690	71	9,884	30,299	4,753	65,050
Non-interest expense	7,136	2,987	14	2,880	12,071	13,093	38,181
Income (loss) before share in net income of associates and a joint venture	6,217	3,703	57	7,004	18,228	(8,340)	26,869
Share in net income of associates and a joint venture	-	70	-	-	-	392	462
Provision for income tax	111	(342)	-	(4,080)	113	(1,927)	(6,125)
Non-controlling interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	(308)	(308)
Net income (loss)	P6,328	P3,431	P57	P2,924	P18,341	(P10,183)	P20,898
Statement of Financial Position							
Total assets	P205,117	P1,051,046	P-	P1,163,081	P180,435	P264,154	P2,863,833
Total liabilities	P113,741	P984,689	P-	P1,092,209	P284,325	P49,248	P2,524,212
Other Segment Information							
Capital expenditures	P140	P12	P-	P102	P24	P2,036	P2,314
Depreciation and amortization	P183	P158	P-	P32	P1,111	P1,876	P3,360
Provision for credit and impairment losses	P2,944	P1,152	P-	P1	P191	P219	P4,507

	Consumer Banking	Corporate Banking	Investment Banking	Treasury	Branch Banking	Others	Total
Period Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)							
Results of Operations							
Net interest income (expense)							
Third party	₱7,192	₱16,150	₱-	₱11,135	₱4,256	₱1,084	₱39,817
Intersegment	(1,139)	(10,308)	-	(2,255)	13,702	-	-
Net interest income after intersegment transaction	6,053	5,842	-	8,880	17,958	1,084	39,817
Non-interest income	3,889	647	97	3,056	2,951	4,276	14,916
Revenue - net of interest expense	9,942	6,489	97	11,936	20,909	5,360	54,733
Non-interest expense	6,681	2,451	5	1,927	10,654	11,540	33,258
Income (loss) before share in net income of associates and a joint venture	3,261	4,038	92	10,009	10,255	(6,180)	21,475
Share in net income of associates and a joint venture	-	50	-	-	-	238	288
Provision for income tax	(161)	(169)	-	(2,244)	(290)	(3,064)	(5,928)
Non-controlling interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	(249)	(249)
Net income (loss)	₱3,100	₱3,919	₱92	₱7,765	₱9,965	(₱9,255)	₱15,586
Statement of Financial Position							
Total assets	₱170,886	₱982,250	₱-	₱1,073,222	₱174,493	₱262,955	₱2,663,806
Total liabilities	₱92,180	₱927,291	₱-	₱1,009,659	₱267,260	₱54,564	₱2,350,954
Other Segment Information							
Capital expenditures	₱202	₱56	₱-	₱85	₱22	₱1,406	₱1,771
Depreciation and amortization	₱182	₱151	₱-	₱31	₱1,031	₱1,543	₱2,938
Provision for credit and impairment losses	₱3,123	₱144	₱-	₱-	₱149	₱409	₱3,825

Non-interest income consists of service charges, fees and commissions, profit from assets sold, trading and securities gain-net, and foreign exchange gain (loss) - net, income from trust operations, leasing, dividends and miscellaneous income. Non-interest expense consists of compensation and fringe benefits, taxes and licenses, provision for credit and impairment losses, depreciation and amortization, occupancy and equipment-related costs, amortization of software costs and miscellaneous expenses.

6. Long-Term Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (LTNCD)

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total outstanding LTNCDs of the Group amounted to ₱26.16 billion. Significant terms of these LTNCDs have been disclosed in the 2022 audited financial statements.

7. Securities Sold Under Repurchase Agreement

Following are the carrying values of the government debt securities pledged and transferred under SSURA transactions of the Group (included under Bills Payable and Securities Sold under Repurchase Agreements):

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2022 (Audited)	
	Transferred Securities	SSURA	Transferred Securities	SSURA
Investment securities at				
FVOCI	₱57,353	₱47,381	₱59,094	₱46,847
Amortized cost	21,578	19,812	22,441	20,273
	₱78,931	₱67,193	₱81,535	₱67,120

8. Subordinated Debts

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total outstanding subordinated debt of the Group amounted to ₱1.17 billion and will mature on December 20, 2023. Significant terms of this Peso Note has been disclosed in the 2022 audited financial statements.

9. Bonds Payable

This account consists of the following:

Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Face Value	Carrying value	
				June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Parent Company					
<u>Fixed Rate Bonds:</u>					
October 28, 2022	April 28, 2024	5.00%	₱23,717	₱23,612	₱23,546
June 4, 2021	September 4, 2026	3.60%	19,000	18,909	18,894
October 24, 2019	April 24, 2023	4.50%	13,750	-	13,740
<u>USD Senior Unsecured Note:</u>					
July 15, 2020	January 15, 2026	2.125%	US\$500	27,355	27,581
				69,876	83,761
<u>Fixed Rate Bonds:</u>					
PSBank					
February 4, 2020	February 4, 2023	4.50%	4,650	-	4,648
				₱69,876	₱88,409

Significant terms of these bonds have been disclosed in the 2022 audited financial statements.

The ₱13.75 billion fixed rate bonds issued by the Parent Company on October 24, 2019 which bear an interest rate of 4.50% per annum and the ₱4.65 billion fixed rate bonds issued by PSBank on February 4, 2020 which bear an interest rate of 4.50% per annum matured on April 24, 2023 and February 4, 2023, respectively.

10. Capital Stock

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, this account consists of (amount in millions, except par value and number of shares):

	Shares	Amount
Authorized		
Common stock - ₱20.00 par value	6,000,000,000	
Preferred stock - ₱20.00 par value	1,000,000,000	
Common stock issued and outstanding	4,497,415,555	₱89,948

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, treasury shares totaling 1,282,909 and 1,328,487, respectively, represent shares of the Parent Company held by mutual fund subsidiary of FMIC.

Details of the Bank's cash dividend distributions from 2021 to 2023 follow:

Date of Declaration	Per Share	Total Amount (In Millions)	Record date	Payment date
February 22, 2023	₱0.80 (regular)	₱3,598	March 17, 2023	March 31, 2023
February 22, 2023	1.40 (special)	6,296	March 17, 2023	March 31, 2023
February 23, 2022	0.80 (regular)	3,598	September 9, 2022	September 23, 2022
February 23, 2022	0.80 (regular)	3,598	March 17, 2022	March 31, 2022
February 23, 2022	1.40 (special)	6,296	March 17, 2022	March 31, 2022
February 17, 2021	1.00 (regular)	4,497	March 5, 2021	March 18, 2021
February 17, 2021	3.00 (special)	13,492	March 5, 2021	March 18, 2021

On February 22, 2023, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the declaration of cash dividend amounting to ₱13.49 billion or ₱3.00 per share consisting of a regular cash dividend of ₱1.60 per share payable on semi-annual basis at ₱0.80 per share and a special cash dividend of ₱1.40 per share. The first tranche of the regular cash dividend of ₱0.80 per share and the special cash dividend of ₱1.40 per share are payable on March 31, 2023 to all stockholders of record as of March 17, 2023. Record and payment dates for the second tranche of the regular cash dividend of ₱0.80 per share will be determined during the regular meeting of the BOD of the Parent Company in August 2023.

The computation of surplus available for dividend declaration in accordance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11 issued in December 2008 differs to a certain extent from the computation following BSP guidelines.

Significant information on capital issuances have been disclosed in the 2022 audited financial statements.

11. Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions or if they are subjected to common control or common significant influence such as subsidiaries and associates of subsidiaries or other related parties. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and are classified as entities with significant influence, subsidiaries, associates, other related parties and key personnel.

The Group has several business relationships with related parties. Transactions with such parties are made in the ordinary course of business and on substantially same terms, including interest and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other parties. These transactions also did not involve more than the normal risk of collectibility and did not present other unfavorable conditions.

The Parent Company has a Related Party Transactions Committee (RPTC) and a Related Party Transactions Management Committee (RPTMC), both of which are created to assist the BOD in ensuring that transactions with related parties are reviewed to assess risks and are subjected to appropriate restrictions to ensure that these are conducted at arm's-length terms and that corporate or business resources of the Parent Company are not misappropriated or misapplied. After appropriate review, RPTMC (through RPTC) and RPTC disclose all information and endorses to the BOD with recommendations, the proposed related party transactions. The members of the RPTC are appointed annually by the BOD, composed of at least three (3) Board non-executive members, two (2) of whom should be independent directors, including the Chairman. Currently, RPTC is composed of three (3) independent directors (including the Committee's Chairman); the head of Internal Audit Group (as Resource Person); and the Compliance Officer (as the Committee Secretary) and meets monthly or as the need arises. On the other hand, RPTMC members are appointed annually by the President, composed of at least six (6) members. RPTC's and RPTMC's review of the proposed related party transactions considers the following:

- a. Identity and relationship of the parties involved in the transaction;
- b. Terms of the transaction and whether these are no less favorable than terms generally available to an unrelated third party under the same circumstances;
- c. Business purpose, timing, rationale and benefits of the transaction;
- d. Approximate monetary value of the transaction and the approximate monetary value of the related party's interest in the transaction;
- e. Valuation methodology used and alternative approaches to valuation of the transaction;
- f. Information concerning potential counterparties in the transaction;
- g. Description of provisions or limitations imposed as a result of entering into the transaction;
- h. Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the transaction;
- i. Impact to a director's independence;
- j. Extent that such transaction or relationship would present an improper conflict of interest; and
- k. The availability of others sources of comparable products or services.

The committees ensured that all related party transactions for the financial year are conducted in fair and at arm's-length terms.

Further, no director or officer participates in any discussion of a related party transaction for which he, she, or any member of his or her immediate family is a related party, including transactions of subordinates except in order to provide material information on the related party transaction to RPTC.

Major subsidiaries, which include FMIC, PSBank and MBCL, have their own respective RPTCs which assist their respective BODs in ensuring that transactions with related parties are reviewed to assess risks and are subjected to appropriate restrictions to ensure that these are conducted at arm's-length terms and that their corporate or business resources are not misappropriated or misapplied.

In the ordinary course of business, the Group has loan transactions with investees and with certain directors, officers, stockholders and related interests (DOSRI) based on BSP Circular No. 423 dated March 15, 2004, as amended. Existing banking regulations limit the amount of individual loans to DOSRI, 70.00% of which must be secured, to the total of their respective deposits and book value of their respective investments in the lending company within the Group. In the aggregate, loans to DOSRI generally should not exceed the respective total equity or 15.00% of the respective total loan portfolio, whichever is lower, of the Bank, PSBank, FMIC and ORIX Metro.

BSP Circular Nos. 560, 654 and 914 provide the rules and regulations that govern loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees granted to subsidiaries and affiliates of banks and quasi-banks which require that the total outstanding loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees to each of the bank's/quasi-bank's subsidiaries and affiliates shall not exceed 10.00% while a separate individual limit of 25.00% for those engaged in energy and power generation, of the net worth of the lending bank/quasi-bank, provided that the unsecured portion of which shall not exceed 5.00% or 12.50%, respectively, of such net worth. Further, the total outstanding loans, credit accommodations and guarantees to all subsidiaries and affiliates shall not exceed 20.00% of the net worth of the lending bank/quasi-bank; and the subsidiaries and affiliates of the lending bank/quasi-bank are not related interest of any director, officer and/or stockholder of the lending institution, except where such director, officer or stockholder sits in the BOD or is appointed officer of such corporation as representative of the bank/quasi-bank as reported to the BSP. As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total outstanding loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees to each of the Parent Company's subsidiaries and affiliates did not exceed 10.00% of the Parent Company's net worth, as reported to the BSP, and the unsecured portion did not exceed 5.00% of such net worth wherein the total outstanding loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees to all such subsidiaries and affiliates represent 10.87% and 13.50%, respectively, of the Parent Company's net worth. The Parent Company has no outstanding loans, other credit accommodations and guarantees to subsidiaries and affiliates engaged in energy and power generation.

Details on significant related party transactions of the Group as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 follow (transactions with subsidiaries have been eliminated in the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statement):

<u>Category</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Terms and Conditions/Nature</u>
<u>Transactions Affecting Statements of Financial Position</u>		
June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)		
Entity with Significant Influence Over the Group		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Deposit liabilities*	₱10,621	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.25% including time deposits with maturity terms of 30 to 34 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Deposit liabilities	1,576	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Securities transactions		
Sales	29	Outright sale of FVTPL

Category	Amount	Terms and Conditions/Nature
Subsidiaries		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Interbank loans receivable*	₱7,041	Foreign currency-denominated lending which earn annual fixed interest rates ranging from 1.30% to 5.05% with maturity terms from 36 to 273 days
Receivables from customers*	3,243	Secured – 1.00 million, unsecured – 3.24 million with ECL of ₱16.80 million With annual fixed interest rates from 0.00% to 6.25% and maturity terms from 3 to 357 days
Accounts receivable	85	Non-interest bearing receivables on remittance and rental fees
Other receivables	3	Non-interest bearing receivables on rental fees
Deposit liabilities*	4,714	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 6.50% including time deposits with maturity terms ranging from 3 to 91 days
Bills payable*	3,222	Peso borrowings subject to annual fixed interest rates of 0.13% with maturity terms ranging from 30 to 31 days
Treasury stock	69	Parent Company's shares held by FMIC's mutual fund subsidiary
<u>Volume:</u>		
Interbank loans receivable	(4,165)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Receivables from customers	(94)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Accounts receivable	(135)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	(1,277)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Bills payable	3,222	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Securities transactions		
Purchases	22,326	Outright purchases of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Sales	30,231	Outright sale of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Foreign currency		
Buy	5,483	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Sell	2,398	Outright sale of foreign currency
Associates		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivable from customers*	₱1,458	Unsecured, with ECL of ₱7.40 million; with annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00 % to 6.50% and maturity terms from 95 to 730 days
Deposit liabilities*	2,292	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.50% including time deposits with maturity terms from 32 to 38 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivable from customers	751	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	215	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Securities transactions		
Outright purchases	2,166	Outright purchases of FVTPL securities and FVOCI investments
Outright sales	4,517	Outright sale of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Foreign currency		
Buy	697	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Other Related Parties		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivables from customers*	₱24,188	Unsecured, with ECL of ₱152.20 million and with annual fixed interest rates ranging from 3.20% to 8.16% and maturity terms from 3 days to 5 years
Assets held under joint operations	219	Parcels of land and former branch sites of the Parent Company contributed to joint operations
Deposit liabilities*	24,856	With annual fixed rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.88% including time deposits with maturity terms from 3 to 359 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivables from customers	(10,445)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	(6,282)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Contingent		
Unused commercial LCs	16	LC transactions with various terms
Securities transactions		
Outright purchases	80	Outright purchases of FVTPL securities and FVOCI investments
Outright sales	115	Outright sale of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Foreign currency		
Buy	6,484	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Sell	57,242	Outright sale of foreign currency

Category	Amount	Terms and Conditions/Nature
Key Personnel		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivables from customers	₱61	Secured - ₱30.90 million, unsecured - ₱30.40 million, no impairment. With annual fixed interest rate ranging from 0.00% to 9.00% and maturity terms from 1 to 19 years
Deposit liabilities	293	With various terms and with minimum annual interest rate of 0.00%
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivable from customers	(56)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	(39)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
December 31, 2022 (Audited)		
Entity with Significant Influence Over the Group		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Deposit liabilities*	₱9,045	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 4.88% including time deposits with maturity terms from 30 to 34 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Deposit liabilities	7,717	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Bills payable	(108)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Subsidiaries		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Interbank loans receivable*	₱11,206	Foreign currency-denominated lending which earn annual fixed interest rates ranging from 1.10% to 5.05% with maturity terms from 31 to 243 days
Receivables from customers*	3,337	Unsecured, with ECL of P4.50 million. With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.50% and maturity terms ranging from 5 to 210 days
Accounts receivable	220	Non-interest bearing receivables on remittance and rental fees
Other receivables	15	Non-interest bearing receivables on remittance
Deposit liabilities*	5,991	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.00% including time deposits with maturity terms ranging from 5 to 91 days
Treasury stock	72	Parent Company's shares held by FMIC's mutual fund subsidiary
Dividends declared	1,132	Dividend declared by PSBank
<u>Volume:</u>		
Interbank loans receivable	2,442	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Receivables from customers	3,002	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Accounts receivable	84	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	(279)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Bills payable	(40)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Securities transactions		
Purchases	39,085	Outright purchases of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Sales	49,996	Outright sale of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Foreign currency		
Buy	13,937	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Sell	4,745	Outright sale of foreign currency
Associates		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivables from customers	₱707	Unsecured, with ECL of ₱1.58 million; with annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.55% and maturity terms ranging from 60 to 273 days
Deposit liabilities*	2,077	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 5.13% including time deposits with maturity terms from 31 to 357 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivable from customers	66	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	(27)	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Securities transactions		
Outright purchases	342	Outright purchases of FVTPL securities and FVOCI investments
Outright sales	1,210	Outright sale of investment securities at FVTPL and FVOCI
Foreign currency		
Buy	335	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Sell	935	Outright sale of foreign currency

Category	Amount	Terms and Conditions/Nature
Other Related Parties		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivables from customers*	₱34,633	Secured - ₱7.18 billion, unsecured - ₱27.46 billion, with ECL of ₱98.59 million; with annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 6.84% and maturity terms ranging from 2 days to 5 years
Assets held under joint operations	219	Parcels of land and former branch sites of the Parent Company contributed to joint operations
Deposit liabilities*	31,138	With annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 4.88% including time deposits with maturity terms from 5 to 359 days
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivable from customers	3,270	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	8,985	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
<u>Contingent</u>		
Unused commercial LC's	58	LC transactions with various terms
<u>Foreign currency</u>		
Buy	9,308	Outright purchases of foreign currency
Sell	120,202	Outright sale of foreign currency
Key Personnel		
<u>Outstanding Balance:</u>		
Receivables from customers	₱117	Secured - ₱89.88 million unsecured - ₱27.46 million, no impairment, with annual fixed interest rates ranging from 0.00% to 9.00% and maturity terms from 1 to 19 years
Deposit liabilities	332	With various terms and minimum annual interest rate of 0.00%
<u>Volume:</u>		
Receivables from customers	26	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Deposit liabilities	63	Generally similar to terms and conditions above
Transactions Affecting Statements of Income		
June 30, 2023 (Unaudited) - Amount		
Entity with Significant Influence Over the Group		
Interest expense	₱51	On deposit liabilities
Subsidiaries		
Interest income	₱226	On receivables from customers and interbank loans receivables
Service charges, fees and commissions	9	Income on transactional fees
Trading and securities gain - net	253	Net gain from securities transactions
Foreign exchange loss - net	(9)	Net loss from foreign exchange transactions
Leasing income	7	From leasing agreements with various lease terms
Miscellaneous income	86	Information technology and other fees
Interest expense	55	On deposit liabilities and bills payable
Associates		
Interest income	₱33	On receivables from customers
Trading and securities gain - net	17	Net gain from securities transactions
Foreign exchange gain - net	2	Net gain from foreign exchange transactions
Leasing income	1	From leasing agreements with various lease terms
Other Related Parties		
Interest income	₱868	On receivables from customers
Foreign exchange loss - net	(399)	Net loss from foreign exchange transactions
Interest expense	44	On deposit liabilities
Lease payments	130	Rental payments with various lease terms
Key Personnel		
Interest income	₱2	On receivables from customers
June 30, 2022 (Unaudited) - Amount		
Entity with Significant Influence Over the Group		
Interest expense	₱1	On deposit liabilities and bills payable
Subsidiaries		
Interest income	₱67	On receivables from customers and interbank loans receivables
Service charges, fees and commissions	12	Income on transactional fees
Trading and securities gain - net	7	Net gain from securities transactions
Leasing income	13	From leasing agreements with various lease terms
Miscellaneous income	69	Information technology and other fees
Interest expense	6	On deposit liabilities, bills payable and interbank loan payable

Category	Amount	Terms and Conditions/Nature
Associates		
Interest income	P5	On receivables from customers
Foreign exchange (loss) - net	(1)	Net loss from foreign exchange transactions
Leasing income	11	From leasing agreements with various lease terms
Other Related Parties		
Interest income	P404	On receivables from customers
Foreign exchange loss - net	(122)	Net loss from foreign exchange transactions
Interest expense	5	On deposit liabilities and bills payable
Key Personnel		
Interest income	P18	On receivables from customers

* including accrued interest

Receivables from customers and deposit liabilities and their related statement of financial position and statement of income accounts resulted from the lending and deposit-taking activities of the Group. Together with the sale of investment properties; borrowings; contingent accounts including derivative transactions; outright purchases and sales of securities and foreign currency buy and sell; leasing of office premises; securing of insurance coverage on loans and property risks; and other management services rendered, these are conducted in the normal course of business, at arms-length transactions and are generally settled in cash. The amounts and related volumes and changes are presented in the summary above.

Government bonds with total face value of P60.0 million (classified as 'Investment securities at amortized cost' as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022) are pledged by PSBank to the Parent Company to secure the latter's payroll account with PSBank. Also, as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Parent Company has assigned to PSBank government securities with total face value of P3.5 billion (classified as 'Investment securities at amortized cost'), to secure PSBank deposits to the Parent Company.

Transactions with retirement plans

Under PFRS, certain post-employment benefit plans are considered as related parties. The Parent Company has business relationships with a number of related party retirement plans pursuant to which it provides trust and management services to these plans. Certain trustees of the plans are either officers or directors of the Parent Company and/or the subsidiaries. Income earned by the Parent Company from such services amounted to P66.1 million and P64.2 million for the period ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Parent Company sold securities totaling P6.6 billion and P3.8 billion, respectively, to its related party retirement plans and recognized net trading gains of P30.1 thousand and P142.1 thousand in 2023 and 2022, respectively, and has also purchased securities totaling P4.2 billion and P1.4 billion as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Further, as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total outstanding deposit liabilities of the Group to these related party retirement funds amounted to P461.1 million and P515.2 million, respectively. Interest expense on deposit liabilities amounted to P23.7 million and P349.3 thousand in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the related party retirement plans also hold investments in: (a) the equity shares of various companies within the Group amounting to P186.8 million and P181.8 million, respectively, with unrealized trading losses of P60.2 million and P76.0 million, respectively; (b) mutual funds and trust funds of various companies within the Group amounting to P464.3 million and P440.7 million, respectively, with unrealized trading losses of P14.8 million and P6.2 million, respectively. Further, for the period ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, disposals of various investments in equity shares, mutual and trust funds realized net trading losses amounting to P1.6 million and P1.2 million, respectively. The related party retirement plans also recognized dividend income of P1.1 million and P1.5 million in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

12. Notes to Statements of Cash Flows

The amounts of interbank loans and receivables and SPURA, gross of allowance for credit losses, considered as cash and cash equivalents follow:

	June 30	
	2023	2022
Interbank loans receivables and SPURA	₱51,994	₱83,391
Interbank loans receivables and SPURA not considered as cash and cash equivalents	(5,984)	(15,625)
	₱46,010	₱67,766

13. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of the Group's operations, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities which are not reflected in the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. No material losses are anticipated to be recognized as a result of these transactions.

The following is a summary of contingencies and commitments at their peso-equivalent contractual amounts arising from off-balance sheet items:

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
Trust Banking Group accounts	₱487,418	₱515,510
Credit card lines	264,767	233,331
Unused commercial letters of credit	45,806	49,097
Undrawn commitments - facilities to lend	19,669	24,578
Bank guaranty with indemnity agreement	14,004	18,023
Outstanding guarantees	5,818	3,769
Credit line certificate with bank commission	4,103	4,771
Inward bills for collection	2,737	2,071
Outstanding shipside bonds/airway bills	1,258	1,294
Late deposits/payments received	1,053	1,047
Outward bills for collection	892	710
Confirmed export letters of credits	206	278
Others	27,387	35,709
	₱875,118	₱890,188

Several suits and claims relating to the Group's lending operations and labor-related cases remain unsettled. In the opinion of management, these suits and claims, if decided adversely, will not involve sums having a material effect on the Group's financial statements.

14. Financial Performance

The basis of calculation for earnings per share attributable to equity holdings of the Parent Company follows (amounts in millions except for earnings per share):

	For the Period Ended June 30		For the Year Ended
	2023	2022	December 31, 2022
	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
a. Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	₱20,898	₱15,586	₱32,776
b. Weighted average number of outstanding common shares of the Parent Company	4,496	4,496	4,496
c. Basic/diluted earnings per share (a/b)	₱4.65	₱3.47	₱7.29

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 and December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding dilutive potential common shares.

The following basic ratios measure the financial performance of the Group:

	For the Period Ended June 30		For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
	2023	2022	
	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
Return on average equity	12.89%	10.02%	10.29%
Return on average assets	1.46%	1.21%	1.23%
Net interest margin on average earning assets	3.93%	3.43%	3.56%

15. Other Matters

The Group has no significant matters to report on the following during the period ended June 30, 2023:

- a. Known trends, events or uncertainties that would have material impact on liquidity and on the sales or revenues;
- b. Explanatory comments about the seasonality or cyclicity of interim operations;
- c. Issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities except for the maturities of the ₱13.75 billion fixed rate bonds of the Parent Company and the ₱4.65 billion fixed rate bonds of PSBank as discussed in Note 9;
- d. Unusual items as to nature, size or incidents affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows except for the payments of cash dividends by the Parent Company as discussed in Note 10; and
- e. Effect of changes in the composition of the Group during the interim period, including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations.

16. Subsequent Event

- a. On July 20, 2023, the BOD of PSBank declared a 7.50% regular cash dividend for the second quarter of 2023 amounting to ₱320.14 million or ₱0.75 per share payable on August 22, 2023 to all stockholders of record as of August 4, 2023.

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
FINANCIAL INDICATORS
AS OF AND FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

RATIO	FORMULA	2023	2022
a) Liquidity Ratio	Liquid Assets	48.56%	49.32%
	Total Assets		
b) Loans to Deposits Ratio	Total Loans	63.72%	64.13%
	Total Deposit Liabilities		
c) Debt to Equity Ratio	Total Liabilities	765.28%	774.74%
	Total Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
d) Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets	868.25%	877.84%
	Total Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company		
e) Return on Average Equity	Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	12.89%	10.02%
	Average Equity		
f) Return on Average Assets	Net Income Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	1.46%	1.21%
	Average Assets		
g) Net Interest Margin on Average Earning Assets	Net Interest Income	3.93%	3.43%
	Average Earning Assets		
h) Operating Efficiency Ratio	Total Operating Expenses	51.77%	53.78%
	Net Operating Income		
i) Interest Coverage Ratio	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes	223.50%	517.38%
	Interest Expense		
j) Net Profit Margin	Net Income	24.20%	26.29%
	Total Gross Income		
k) Capital Adequacy Ratio	Total Qualifying Capital	17.90%	17.62%
	Total Risk-Weighted Assets		
l) Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	Net Tier 1 Capital	17.06%	16.77%
	Total Risk-Weighted Assets		

METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY
SEC FORM 17 – Q
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

**ITEM 2 – MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Key Performance Indicators

Financial Ratios

The following ratios measure the financial performance of the Group, the Bank, and significant subsidiaries:

	For the Period Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)				
	Group	Metrobank	FMIC	ORIX METRO	PSBank
Earnings per share	₱4.65	₱4.65	₱1.25	₱1.73	₱5.08
Return on equity	12.89%	12.87%	5.09%	2.54%	11.44%
Return on assets	1.46%	1.66%	2.57%	1.13%	1.74%
Operating efficiency ratio	51.77%	48.89%	76.30%	82.62%	58.87%
Non-performing loans ratio	1.84%	1.54%	Nil	16.93%	3.53%

	For the Period Ended June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)				
	Group	Metrobank	FMIC	ORIX METRO	PSBank
Earnings per share	₱3.47	₱3.47	₱0.07	₱1.29	₱4.30
Return on equity	10.02%	10.00%	2.01%	1.95%	10.35%
Return on assets	1.21%	1.40%	0.92%	0.69%	1.39%
Operating efficiency ratio	53.78%	50.48%	160.81%	74.22%	59.16%
Non-performing loans ratio	1.91%	1.43%	Nil	18.72%	4.33%

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding after giving retroactive effect to stock dividends declared, stock rights exercised and stock splits made during the period, if any. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Parent Company had no shares of stock that had a dilutive effect on its basic earnings per share.

The increase in the Group’s EPS from ₱3.47 to ₱4.65 was due to the 34.08% increase in net income attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company from ₱15.59 billion for the period ended June 30, 2022 to ₱20.90 billion for the same period in 2023.

Return on Equity

Return on equity (ROE) or the ratio of annualized net income to average capital funds (equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company) measures the return on capital provided by the stockholders.

ROE of the Group for the period ended June 30, 2023 was higher at 12.89% compared with 10.02% for the same period in 2022 due to the combined effect of the 34.08% increase in the net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company and the 4.24% increase in average equity.

Return on Assets

Return on assets (ROA) or the ratio of annualized net income to average total assets, measures the return on money provided by both stockholders and creditors, as well as how efficiently all assets are managed.

ROA went up to 1.46% for the period ended June 30, 2023 from 1.21% for the same period in 2022 due to the net effect of the 34.08% increase in the net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company and the 10.46% increase in average assets.

Operating Efficiency Ratio

Operating efficiency ratio represents the ratio of total operating expenses (excluding provisions for credit and impairment losses and income tax) to total operating income (excluding share in net income of associates and a joint venture).

For the period ended June 30, 2023, the Group's operating efficiency ratio improved to 51.77% from 53.78% for the same period in 2022 on account of the 18.85% increase in operating income although operating expenses increased by 14.41%.

Non-Performing Loans Ratio

Non-performing loans (NPL) ratio represents the ratio of NPLs to gross loan portfolio, excluding interbank loans receivable.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, NPL ratio of the Group was at 1.84% and 1.91%, respectively.

Liquidity

The Bank proactively monitors its liquidity position to ensure that funds are adequate to meet its obligations. Liquidity risk is measured, monitored and controlled via a system of risk tools available on a daily basis.

As of June 30, 2023, the contractual maturity profile of assets and liabilities shows that the Bank has at its disposal about ₱1.16 trillion of cash inflows in the next twelve months from its portfolio of cash, placements with banks, debt securities and receivable from customers. This will cover 58.25% of the ₱1.99 trillion total deposits estimated to come due during the same period. These cash inflows exclude securities in FVTPL and FVOCI with maturities beyond one year but may easily be liquidated in an active secondary market. Including these securities, the total current assets will cover 72.03% of the total deposits that will mature within one year. The historical behavior of deposits balances has shown, however, that a substantial portion of these contractual outflows is not withdrawn in one year.

Events That Will Trigger Material Direct or Contingent Financial Obligation

These events are discussed in Annex 5 under Note 13 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities of the General Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Material Off-Balance Sheet Transactions, Arrangements or Obligations

The summary of contingencies and commitments at their peso-equivalent contractual amounts arising from off-balance sheet items are discussed in Annex 5 under Note 13 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities of the General Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Likewise, the summary of obligations are discussed in Note 6 - LTNCD; Note 8 – Subordinated Debts; Note 9 - Bonds Payable and Note 10 - Capital Stock.

Material Commitments for Capital Expenditures

For the year 2023, the Bank estimates to incur capital expenditures of about ₱3.0 to ₱5.0 billion, of which 70% is estimated to be incurred for information technology.

Material Events or Uncertainties

The registrant has nothing to report on the following for the period ended June 30, 2023:

1. Any known trends or demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on liquidity or that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations, except as disclosed in Annex 5 under Note 15 - Other Matters; and Note 16 - Subsequent Events of the General Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements;
2. Any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations; and
3. Any significant element of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations.

Material Changes in Financial Statements Accounts

Financial Condition

June 30, 2023 (Unaudited) vs. December 31, 2022 (Audited)

As of June 30, 2023, the unaudited consolidated total assets and total liabilities of the Metrobank Group stood at ₱2.86 trillion and ₱2.52 trillion, respectively. Compared with the audited figures as of December 31, 2022, total assets and total liabilities went up by ₱20.74 billion or 0.73% and by ₱9.21 billion or 0.37%, respectively. On the other hand, equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company was higher by ₱11.33 billion or 3.56% from ₱318.51 billion to ₱329.84 billion.

Cash and Other Cash Items decreased by ₱12.15 billion or 29.87% due to the lower level of cash requirements of the Parent Company and PSBank compared with that of year-end due to the holiday seasons. Due from BSP which represents 6.61% of the Group's total assets decreased by 25.12% on account of lower level of term deposit and overnight facility placements maintained with BSP. Due from Other Banks decreased by ₱11.93 billion or 15.80% as a result of the net movements in the balances maintained with various local and foreign banks. Interbank Loans Receivable and SPURA went down by ₱21.77 billion or 29.52% due to the ₱24.79 billion lower balance of SPURA.

Total investment securities which consisted of FVTPL, FVOCI and securities at amortized cost represents 36.93% and 32.07% of the Group's total assets as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, went up by ₱145.67 billion or 15.98%. The increase was due to the net effect of the growth in the portfolios of FVTPL and securities at amortized cost and lower FVOCI securities portfolio. Securities at amortized cost went up by ₱143.15 billion particularly on treasury notes and government bonds. FVTPL securities consist of HFT securities and derivative assets amounting to ₱58.21 billion and ₱23.99 billion, respectively, as of June 30, 2023 and ₱39.16 billion and ₱24.44 billion, respectively, as of December 31, 2022. FVOCI securities decreased by ₱16.08 billion due to lower portfolio of debt securities particularly BSP bonds.

Net loans and receivables, representing 48.81% and 49.89% of the Group's total assets as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, went down by ₱20.48 billion or 1.44% due to lower demand on corporate and commercial loans.

Investments in Associates and a Joint Venture went up by ₱0.87 billion or 14.75% due to the net income and other comprehensive income recognized from the associates of FMIC. Other Assets increased by ₱3.69 billion or 34.02% from ₱10.86 billion to ₱14.55 billion primarily due to the net movements in miscellaneous assets and prepaid expenses.

Deposit liabilities represent 89.27% and 88.32% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, wherein, low cost deposits represent 62.16% and 66.61% of the

Group's total deposits, respectively. The Group's deposit level, sourced by the Bank, PSBank and MBCL reached ₱2.25 trillion as of June 30, 2023, an increase of ₱32.12 billion or 1.45% from ₱2.22 trillion as of December 31, 2022. The increment came from time deposits by ₱111.0 billion while CASA deposits went down by ₱78.89 billion.

Bills Payable and SSURA went down by ₱5.73 billion or 6.28% on account of the lower borrowings from foreign and local banks. Derivative Liabilities which represent mark-to-market of foreign currency forwards, interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, foreign currency options, bond futures and credit default swaps with negative fair value increased by ₱1.43 billion or 8.47%. Income taxes payable increased by ₱1.47 billion or 99.73% mainly due to accrual of corporate income tax for 2023.

Accrued Interest and Other Expenses went up by ₱1.82 billion or 13.07% due to the increases in accruals of other bank expenses and interests particularly on time deposits. Bonds payable decreased by ₱18.53 billion or 20.96% due to maturities of the ₱13.75 billion and ₱4.65 billion fixed rate bonds of the Parent Company and PSBank in 2023. Non-equity Non-controlling Interest representing the portion of net income and net assets of the mutual fund subsidiaries of FMIC not attributed to the Group went down by ₱0.91 billion or 8.99% on account of the net decrease in income of these mutual funds.

Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company increased by ₱11.33 billion or 3.56% primarily due to the ₱20.90 billion net income reported during the period and the ₱4.68 billion net unrealized gain recognized in investments securities at FVOCI offset by the ₱13.49 billion total cash dividends declared by the Bank.

Results of Operations

Quarter Ended June 2023 vs. Quarter Ended June 2022 (Unaudited)

Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 amounted to ₱10.42 billion and improved by ₱2.82 billion or 37.05% from the ₱7.60 billion net income reported in the same quarter of the previous year. The improvement was driven by the following:

Interest income went up by ₱14.44 billion or 62.33% on account of higher interest income on loans and receivables by ₱9.35 billion, on investment securities by ₱4.89 billion and on deposit with banks and others by ₱0.20 billion. Meanwhile, increase in interest expense on deposit liabilities by ₱8.75 billion and in interest expense on borrowings by ₱0.50 billion accounted for the increase of ₱9.25 billion or 348.36% in interest and finance charges. As a result, net interest income improved by ₱5.19 billion or by 25.31%.

Other operating income of ₱6.81 billion decreased by ₱0.08 billion or 1.12% from ₱6.89 billion in 2022 on account of the ₱0.94 billion lower net trading, securities and foreign exchange gain reported for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 compared with ₱1.13 billion gain reported for the same quarter of 2022 and the ₱0.15 billion decrease in miscellaneous income offset by the ₱0.26 billion increase in fee-based income.

Total operating expenses increased by ₱2.23 billion or 15.30% from ₱14.55 billion to ₱16.78 billion due to increases in manpower cost by ₱0.47 billion and miscellaneous expenses by ₱1.74 billion primarily on account of higher taxes and licenses by ₱1.06 billion, security, messengerial and janitorial expenses by ₱0.43 billion and information technology expense by ₱0.23 billion. Total provision for credit and impairment losses of the Group amounted to ₱2.12 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 or ₱0.34 billion higher compared with ₱1.78 billion provision in 2022. Provision for income tax was lower by ₱0.31 billion from ₱3.34 billion to ₱3.03 billion due to net movements in corporate, final and deferred income taxes.

Income attributable to non-controlling interests went up to ₱0.17 billion from ₱0.13 billion or by ₱0.04 billion or 33.59% due to higher net income of majority owned subsidiaries.

Total comprehensive income went up by ₱10.26 billion from a loss of ₱0.26 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 to a gain of ₱9.99 billion for the same quarter in 2023 due to the net effect of the higher net income and lower net unrealized loss recognized on FVOCI investments partially offset by the movement in translation adjustment. This caused the total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company to increase by ₱10.24 billion from a loss of ₱0.39 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 to a gain of ₱9.85 billion for the quarter ended June 30, 2023. Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest increased by ₱0.02 billion or 13.82%.

Period Ended June 2023 vs. Period Ended June 2022 (Unaudited)

Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company for the period ended June 30, 2023 amounted to ₱20.90 billion and improved by ₱5.31 billion or 34.08% from the ₱15.59 billion net income reported in the same period of the previous year. The improvement was driven by the following:

Interest income went up by ₱27.68 billion or 61.46% on account of higher interest income on loans and receivables by ₱17.17 billion, on investment securities by ₱9.71 billion and on deposit with banks and others by ₱0.80 billion. Meanwhile, increase in interest expense on deposit liabilities by ₱15.31 billion and in interest expense on borrowings by ₱1.61 billion accounted for the increase of ₱16.92 billion or 324.43% in interest and finance charges. As a result, net interest income improved by ₱10.76 billion or by 27.03%.

Other operating income of ₱14.93 billion decreased by ₱0.27 billion or 1.78% from ₱15.20 billion in 2022 on account of the ₱3.06 billion lower net trading, securities and foreign exchange gain reported for the period ended June 30, 2023 compared with ₱3.44 billion gain reported for the same period in 2022 and the ₱0.64 billion decrease in miscellaneous income particularly on ROPA booking offset by the ₱0.74 billion increase in fee-based income.

Total operating expenses increased by ₱4.24 billion or 14.41% from ₱29.43 billion to ₱33.67 billion due to increases in manpower cost by ₱0.92 billion and miscellaneous expenses by ₱3.26 billion mainly on account of higher taxes and licenses by ₱1.88 billion, security, messengerial and janitorial expenses by ₱0.73 billion and advertising expense by ₱0.28 billion. Total provision for credit and impairment losses of the Group amounted to ₱4.51 billion for the period ended June 30, 2023 or ₱0.68 billion higher compared with ₱3.83 billion provision in 2022. Provision for income tax was higher by ₱0.20 billion from ₱5.93 billion to ₱6.13 billion due to net movements in corporate, final and deferred income taxes.

Income attributable to non-controlling interests went up to ₱0.31 billion from ₱0.25 billion or by ₱0.06 billion or 23.69% due to higher net income of majority owned subsidiaries.

Total comprehensive income went up by ₱26.41 billion from a loss of ₱1.31 billion for the period ended June 30, 2022 to a gain of ₱25.09 billion for the same period in 2023 due to the net effect of the higher net income and net unrealized gain recognized on FVOCI investments for the year 2023 compared with net unrealized loss recognized in previous year. This was partially offset by the movement in translation adjustment. This caused the total comprehensive income attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company to increase by ₱26.38 billion from a loss of ₱1.56 billion for the period ended June 30, 2022 to a gain of ₱24.82 billion for the period ended June 30, 2023. Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest increased by ₱0.02 billion or 9.64%.

**METROPOLITAN BANK & TRUST COMPANY
(CONSOLIDATED)**

**AGING OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE
(IN MILLIONS)
AS OF JUNE 30, 2023**

NO. OF DAYS OUTSTANDING	AMOUNT
1-90	₱ 4,744
91-180	79
181-360	235
OVER 360	3,925
GRAND TOTAL	₱ 8,983